



Seed Health Committee update 2023-2024



Members



Vice chairs elected:



	SHCom Members	Country	Active since
1	Ilaria Alberti	Italy	
2	Rouke Bakker	New Zealand	
3	Gary Munkvold	United States	
4	Dorota Szopinska	Poland	
5	Rosa Piña González	Chile	2016
6	Xiulan Xu	China	2017
7	Vice Chair: Stephan Brière	Canada	2018
8	Vice Chair: Isabelle Serandat	France	2019
9	Marian Mc Ewan	United Kingdom	2019
10	Kohei Osaki	Japan	2019
11	Chair: Ruud Barnhoorn	Netherland	2019
12	Dr Mahesh	India	2021
13	Luciana Ferrand	Argentina	2022
14	Dr. Nagamani Sandra	India	2023
15	Shih-Min Su	Taiwan	2023

Applications:

- Eduardo Gálvez Sotelo (Chili)
- Jaiana Malabra (France)
- Shaista Karim (USA)
- Leticia Ruiz (Spain)
- Angela Thüringer (Austria)



Rules changes



Taxonomical update:

- Establish rules for taxonomical name changes.

Example

Current Rule	Rule change directly	Rule change in 3 years	Rule change in 6 years
<i>Xanthomonas axonopodis</i> pv. <i>phaseoli</i>	<i>Xanthomonas axonopodis</i> pv. <i>phaseoli</i> (<i>Xanthomonas phaseoli</i> pv. <i>phaseoli</i>)	<i>Xanthomonas phaseoli</i> pv. <i>phaseoli</i> (<i>Xanthomonas axonopodis</i> pv. <i>phaseoli</i>)	<i>Xanthomonas phaseoli</i> pv. <i>phaseoli</i>

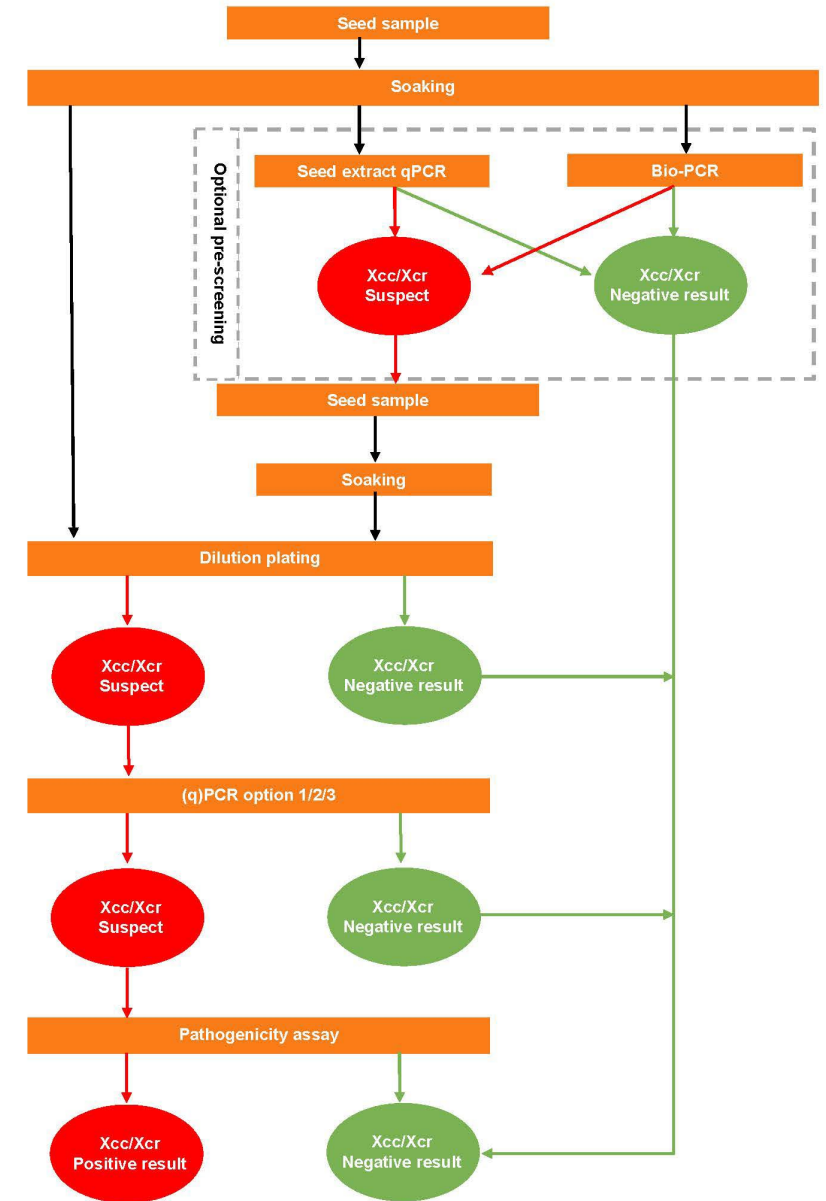
- 2 rules updated with new taxonomical names.



Rules changes

Technical rules changes (via external input)

- ISTA SHCOM own workflow lay-out
 - **Introducing in all methods this year**
- Adaptation of Rule 7-020 (*Xanthomonas hortorum* pv. *carotea*) due to new scientific knowledge
 - New strain types identified that make the confirmation PCR not specific enough anymore. **Rule change submitted**
- New: from the Audit Com. Replacing of reference to specific kits
 - The test kit prescribed in Rule 7-07-015 (*Epichloe coenophiala*) not available anymore.
 - **All rules will be checked and changed in respect to reference to specific kits.**



Method development and validation

Projects under progress:

- ***Fusarium* (11 species)/cereals, NIBIO and Kimen Seed Lab:**
 - Method: media grow-out -> suspect analysis via morphological identification
 - Comparative test executed and data analysis currently in progress.
 - New rule suggestion presented before 1 November
- ***Fusarium oxysporum* f.sp. *lycopersici* in tomato, Naktuinbouw:**
 - Method: media grow-out -> suspect qPCR -> pathogenicity assay
 - Comparative test executed and data analysis currently in progress.
 - New rule suggestion presented before 1 November
- **Gray mold on hemp (*Botrytis cinerea*), CREA:**
 - Method: Seed blotter -> suspect analysis via morphological identification
 - Comparative test executed and data analysis currently in progress.
 - New rule suggestion presented before 1 November



Detection method of *Ascochyta rabiei* (*Phoma rabiei*) on Chickpea seeds



French project

Ascochyta rabiei on Chickpea seeds



Geves was part of the French research project **AsCoLuP**, led by the Technical Institute Terres Inovia

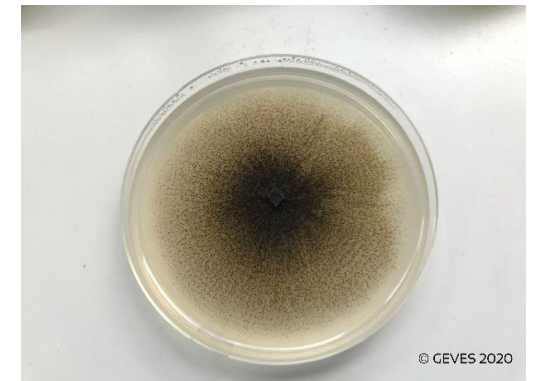
- 2 pathogens studied: *Ascochyta rabiei* on Chickpea and *Colletotrichum lupini* on Lupin
- Aim: to provide tools to producers for the management of these diseases, both in seed production and consumption.
- Chickpea blight is one of the most serious diseases of chickpea crop. This pathogen is selectively attacking chickpea, then persists in the crop's residues, seeds, and weeds.



Detection method of *Ascochyta rabiei* on Chickpea seeds

➤ Geves tasks in AsCoLuP project:

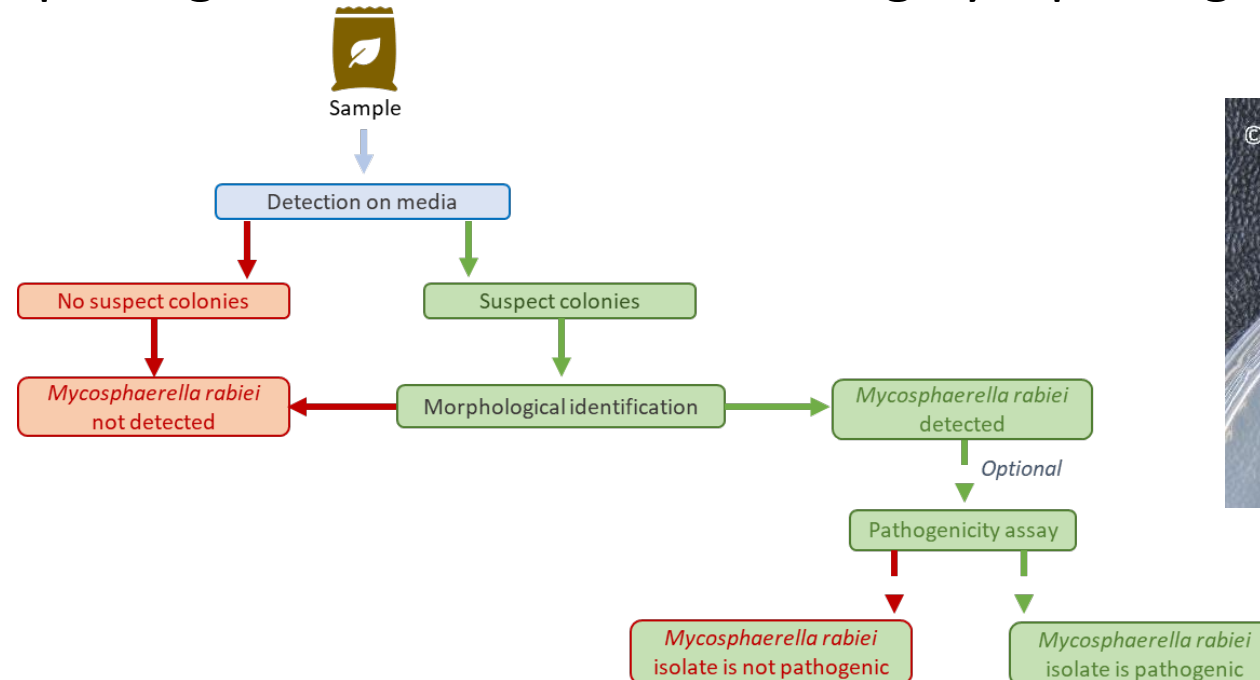
- ✓ Characterization of the genetic and phenotypic diversity of both pathogens
- ✓ **Validation of a detection method for *Ascochyta rabiei* on Chickpea**
➔ **Propose a new ISTA method on a new crop**
- ✓ To develop a resistance test in controlled conditions as support of breeding
- ✓ Alternative seed treatments (Lupin)



Detection method of *Ascochyta rabiei* on Chickpea seeds

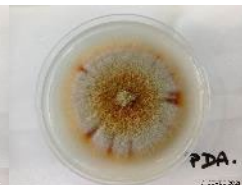
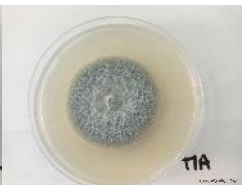
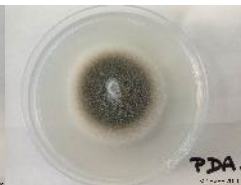
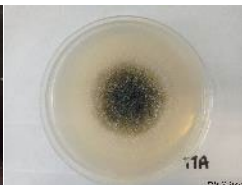
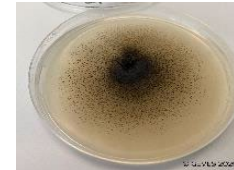
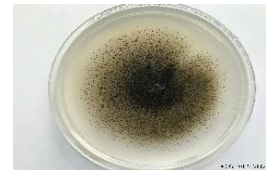
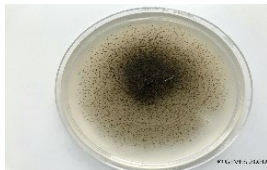
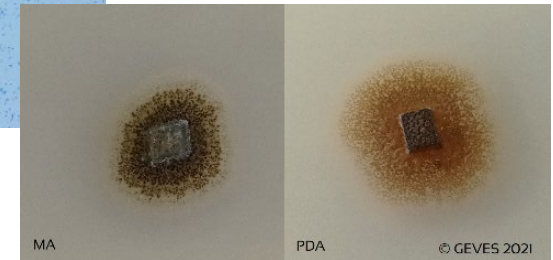
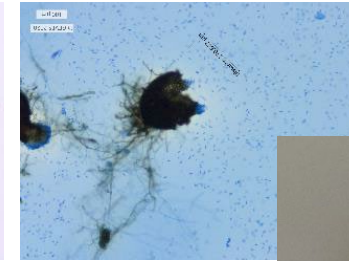
➤ Detection method:

- ✓ Based on the test plan prepared by Siham Assad
- ✓ Quantitative method
- ✓ Agar plating and morphological identification following by a pathogenicity test (optional)



Validation of the detection method

- Test plan accepted, according to ISTA guidelines for method validation
- Seed material obtained
 - ✓ Infected seeds with different levels of infection
 - ✓ Healthy seeds
- Collection constituted and characterized
 - ✓ Targets: 20 isolates from different areas in France
 - ✓ Non targets: 20 other pathogens and saprophytes that could be present on Chickpea seeds
 - ✓ Characterisation: spore size and growth criteria on 2 media (MA and PDA)



Performance criteria validated



➤ Analytical specificity:

- ✓ Morphological criteria described for the target
- ✓ Collection compared to the criteria
 - ✓ Targets => meet the criteria
 - ✓ Non targets => do not meet the criteria
- ✓ **Result of Analytical specificity:**

Target and non target strains	Expected result + (Target)	Expected result - (Non-target)	Specificity
Obtained result +	20	0	100%
Obtained result -	0	20	



Analytical specificity validated



Performance criteria validated



➤ Analytical sensitivity :

- ✓ Validated if 1 infected seed is detected in 400 seeds (10 replicates)
- ✓ Done by spiking: 1 contaminated seed with 399 healthy seeds (0.25%)
- ✓ To ensure a 100% contamination of the lot used for the spiking an artificial contamination has been tested and validated.
- ✓ **Result of Analytical sensitivity :**

Replicate	% <i>Ascochyta rabiei</i>
1	0.25
2	0.25
3	0.25
4	0.25
5	0.25
6	0.25
7	0.25
8	0.25
9	0.25
10	0.25

➔ Analytical sensitivity validated



Performance criteria validated



➤ Diagnostic sensitivity/specificity (Accuracy):

- ✓ 1 healthy sample
- ✓ 1 low infected sample (0.25% infection)
- ✓ 1 medium infected sample (\approx 5% infection)

3 replicates of each level of infection tested at the same time to evaluate the **repeatability**
And performed two times to evaluate the **reproducibility** intra laboratory.

✓ Result of Accuracy:

	Expected result +	Expected result -	Diagnostic sensitivity	Diagnostic specificity
Obtained result +	6	0	100.00%	100.00%
Obtained result -	0	6		

➔ Accuracy validated

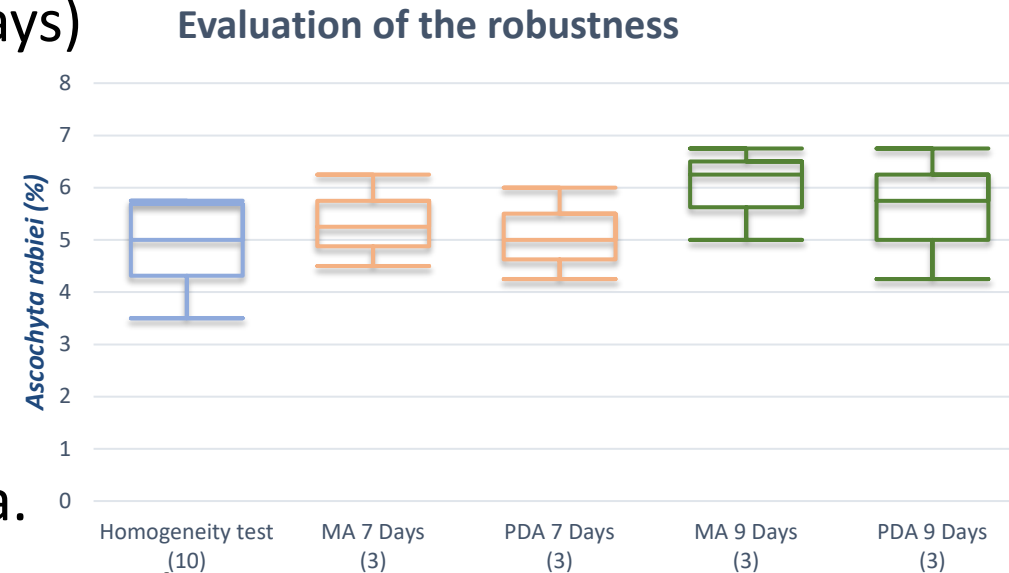


Performance criteria validated

- **Robustness:**
 - ✓ A medium level infection lot (3.2%) tested
 - ✓ two different media (MA and PDA)
 - ✓ two different incubation durations (7 and 9 days)

- ✓ **Result of robustness**

- ✓ No significant differences between the two media.
- ✓ No significant differences between the two incubation durations



Robustness validated

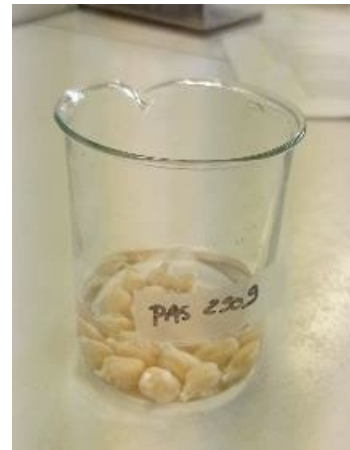


Pathogenicity pretests

➤ Comparison of 3 pathogenicity test methods:

1. Inoculation by soaking germinated seeds in a conidial suspension (1.10^5 conidia/ml)
2. Inoculation by deposit of conidial suspension on germinated seeds on media
3. Inoculation by deposit of conidial suspension on germinated seeds in potting soil

➤ Inoculation by soaking germinated seeds chosen



Performance criteria validated

➤ **Analytical specificity (*Sensitivity/specificity diagnostic*):**

- ✓ Performed by testing 20 target and 20 non-target isolates from the collection (1 plant per strain)
- ✓ Comparison of symptoms: presence of necrosis at the base of the stem, wilting of the leaves.

✓ **Result of Analytical specificity :**

- ✓ All targets show expected symptoms
- ✓ All non-targets show different symptoms.

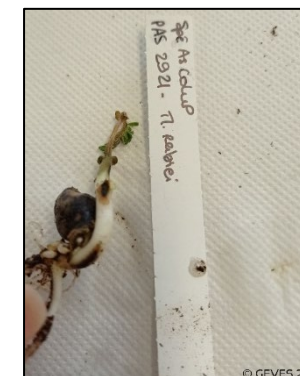
➔ **Analytical specificity validated**



Target and non-target strains	Expected result + (Target)	Expected result - (Non-target)	Specificity
Obtained result +	20	0	100%
Obtained result -	0	20	



Negative control



Target
M. rabiei



Non target

Performance criteria validated

➤ Analytical sensitivity :

- ✓ 2 concentrations were tested to choose a fit for purpose concentration so that a maximum of seedlings show symptoms: 1.10^5 and 1.10^4 conidia/mL
- ✓ For each concentration 10 seedlings were tested compared to 10 seedlings of the negative control
- ✓ **Result of analytical sensitivity** : Symptoms are more severe and typical on the highest concentration (1.10^5)

Concentration	10^5	10^4	NC
Rep 1	+	+	-
Rep 2	+	+	-
Rep 3	+	+	-
Rep 4	+	+	-
Rep 5	+	+	-
Rep 6	+	+	-
Rep 7	+	+	-
Rep 8	+	+	-
Rep 9	+	+	-
Rep 10	+	+	-

➡ **Analytical sensitivity validated: 1.10^5 concentration chosen**

Performance criteria validated

- ✓ **Repeatability/Reproducibility:**
 - ✓ Performed with one target (*Ascochyta rabiei*) and one non-target (*Botrytis cinerea*)
 - ✓ 3 replicates have been tested at the same time and performed two times intra laboratory
- ✓ **Result of Repeatability/Reproducibility:**
 - ✓ All seedlings inoculated with the target strain showed symptoms
 - ✓ All seedlings inoculated with the non-target strain did not show typical symptoms

Strain	Replicate 1	Replicate 2
<i>Ascochyta rabiei</i>	3+/3	3+/3
<i>Botrytis cinerea</i>	0+/3	0+/3
Negative control	0+/3	0+/3



Negative control



Target
Ascochyta rabiei



Non-Target
Botrytis cinerea

 **Repeatability/Reproducibility validated**

Performance criteria validated

➤ Robustness:

- ✓ Different parameters have been evaluated :
 - ✓ Temperatures: 20°C - 25°C
 - ✓ Light conditions: 8h light/16h darkness – 12h light/12h darkness
- ✓ Each condition was tested on 5 seeds
- ✓ A negative control for each condition (3 seeds)
- ✓ **Result of Robustness:**
 - ✓ No significant differences between the different conditions
 - ✓ All negative controls conform

Temperature	20°C	25°C
Light		
8h light/ 16h light	5+/5	5+/5
12h light / 12h light	5+/5	5+/5

➔ **Robustness validated**



Performance criteria validated



➤ Repeatability/Reproducibility interlaboratory:

- ✓ Validated through a comparative test, 6 Laboratories participating
 - ✓ 9 coded samples (400 seeds)
 - ✓ 3 levels of naturally contamination (medium, high, healthy)
 - ✓ Checked by homogeneity and stability test

➔ **All performance criteria validated**

➤ **New ISTA method to be voted on for publication in january 2025**





Groupe d'Étude et de contrôle
des Variétés Et des Semences



Thank you for your attention

Thank you to the myco team especially Lorine Le Dare

 **ISTA ANNUAL MEETING 2024**



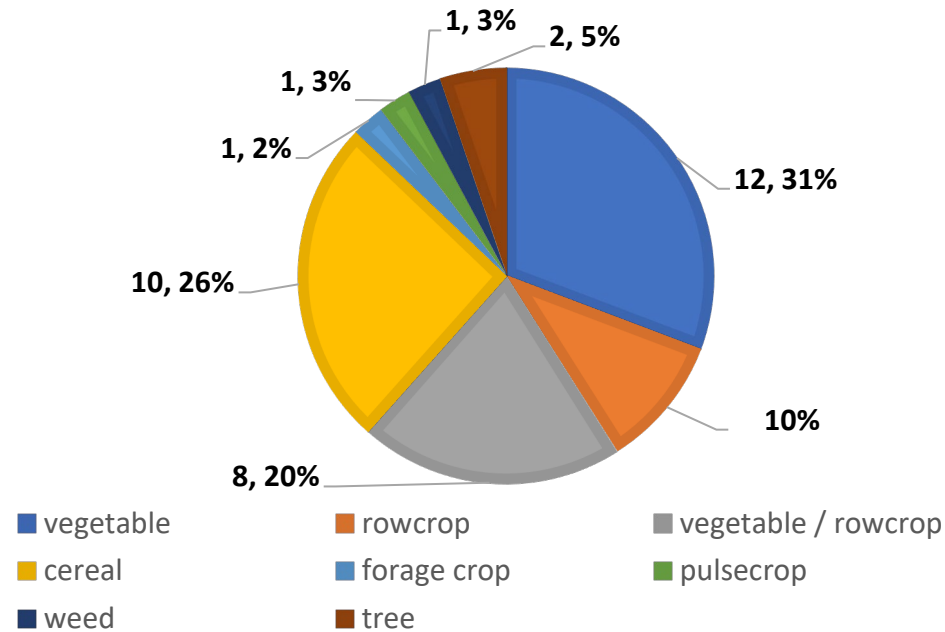
01-04 JULY CAMBRIDGE, UNITED KINGDOM



Isabelle.serandat@geves.fr

Gap analysis SH rules / crop group

AMOUNT OF ISTA SEED HEALTH RULES PER CROP GROUP



Actions taken:

- Contacted the Chairs and Vice Chairs of the flower seed testing committee and the forest tree and shrub committee:
 1. To address if there is need for SH Rules for their crops
 2. To identify Seed Health specialists for the crops that fall under their umbrella
- Supported Nicolas Denancé (Pestlist) with finances to promote ISTA SHCOM at the IUFRO Congress

Webinars / Workshop

Webinars

- 28 May 2024 ISSS-ISTA Webinar
- 11 July 2024 APSA Seed Technology Webinar Session 2

Seed Health Testing

- To be announced 2024/2025 **The use of statistics in validating seed health test methods**
 - Collaborative action between SHCom and StatCom
 - Multiple webinars on different topics

Workshops

- Nov 2024 in collaboration with ATC, Angers, France, **Insect detection in seeds**
- Sep 2024, Bangalore, India, **Validation, Quality assurance and Accreditation of Seed Health methods.**
- 2025/ 2026 Canada, ***Leptosphaeria maculans* and *Plenodomus biglobosus* in *Brassica* spp. seed**



ISTA
100 YEARS
A CENTURY OF PROGRESS IN SEED QUALITY ASSURANCE



nak?tuinbouw

The incredible world of seed pathology and how it's used to prevent the next plant pandemic!

Presentation by: Ruud Barnhoorn
Vegetable Seed Pathologist
ISTA Chair Seed Health Committee



ISTA
ANNUAL MEETING
01-04 JULY  **2024**

CAMBRIDGE, UNITED KINGDOM

Special projects

ISTA Reference pest list

- Version 12 launched 24 May 2024, contains 34 crops species – 411 pests reviewed
- Last year :
 - Dec 2023: vers. 10 – Chickpea
 - Feb 2024: vers. 11 – Lupin, Lentil and Potato (true seed)
 - May 2024: vers 12 – Cedar, Chestnut, False cypress, Poplar, Oak, Red-cedar and Walnut



Thank you [Caroline Bellenot](#) and reviewers for all your help

Project 23-1 Seed Health image collection

- Project is led by Nicole Calliou (Canada)
- Web designer Terry Harker
- ISTA assistance Sejal



The most comprehensive source of seed pathology knowledge in the world

THE PLATFORM

- A searchable, online image database, with detailed information on pathogen growth influences.
- Researchers can submit images to share their knowledge and data with the world. Our team of experts will review them for accuracy before publishing on the website.

WHY CHOOSE US?

This website efficiently bridges the knowledge gap between experts and young scientists. It's accessible to all, accepting image and data submissions from any researcher for free.

STORY

It began with PDA (Potato Dextrose Agar). A manufacturer altered their formulation to cut costs, resulting in significant changes in culture color and morphology despite ostensibly keeping the ingredients and concentrations the same. This prompted an investigation into whether other labs were aware of the potential impacts of manufacturing changes.

VISION

ISTA promotes information sharing, disseminates knowledge, and trains young seed pathologists. However, the current reference images lack crucial details. Positioning the education of future plant pathologists is essential amid concerns about food security and seed health.

MISSION

We prioritise seed quality through standardized testing in any accredited lab to ensure consistent results. Comprehensive training encompassing all factors influencing pathogen growth in the lab is essential. Our experts will review the images you submit, fostering shared knowledge and mutual benefits.

www.seedtest.org
www.seedhealthtestimagedb.info
contact@seedhealthtestimagedb.info



ISTA Congress 2024 – Cambridge, UK

Seed Health Testing – Image Collection Project





Guest speaker

Nicole Calliou

Disease Diagnostics Lead
SGS

Nicole.calliou@sgs.com

Graduated from University of Alberta with Immunology and Infection Bachelor of Science degree, with Honors in 2010. 14 years of seed health testing, and molecular biology diagnostics, for SGS BioVision. Member of Canadian Phytopathology Society and Plant Pathology Society of Alberta. Accredited by Canadian Food Inspection Agency for *Ustilago nuda* detection in Barley.

ISTA lead for special project – Seed Health Image Database construction (expected to be live mid-2024).

Lead on green lab initiatives at Sherwood park, achieved LEAF Gold certification in 2023.

The Team



Terry Harker

Website Designer and Developer, Co-Founder of byteKultur

terry.harker@bytekultur.net



Sejal Patel

IT Business Solutions Manager at ISTA

Sejal.patel@ista.ch



Ruud Barnhorn

ISTA Seed Health Committee Chair

r.barnhoorn@naktuinbouw.nl



Nicolas Denancé

GEVES Seed Health Deputy Manager and Nematology Activity Manager

nicolas.denance@geves.fr

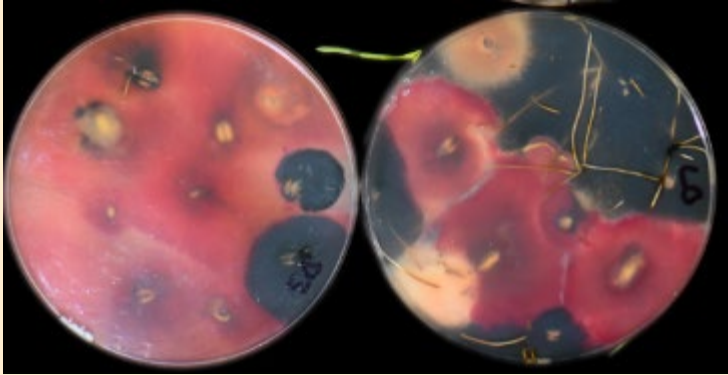
4 yellow slides are from 2022 presentation – Why we need to collect images, to minimize differences across labs



Contents – Initial Proposal (2022)

- Purpose
- Goal - ISTA Reference Pest List
- Factors to consider
 - Agar
 - Chamber Lighting
 - Chamber Temperature
 - Growth Time
 - Spore Images

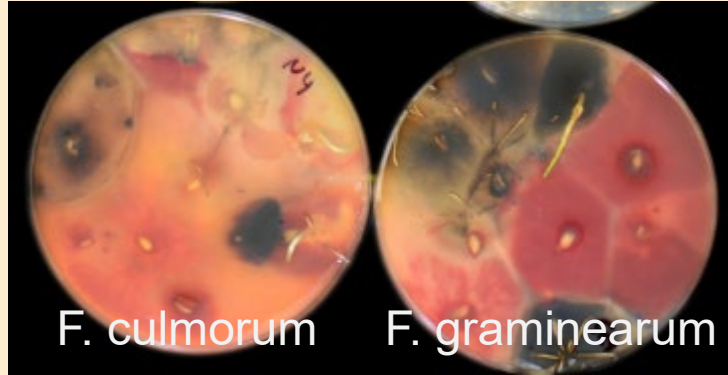
Why should we share 'extraneous' data on images?



PDA - Difco

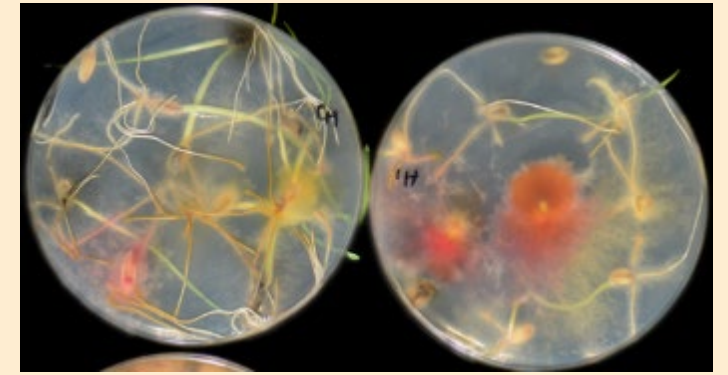
- Good fungal growth. Strong pigment production. Good spore production.

Agar 15 g/L
Dextrose 20 g/L
Potato Extract/Starch 4 g/L



PDA - Neogen

- Good fungal growth. Range of colours produced by Fusarium species - *Fusarium culmorum* obviously 'orange'. Good spore production.



PDA - Homemade

- Weak growth of fungal colonies. Poor colour production. Good spore production.

Relevant Information - Discuss

- Images need to include:
 - Pathogen name, and host
 - 2 pictures, top and bottom
 - Agar used (& Manufacturer)
 - Growth conditions (temp/lighting)
 - Growth time (# of days)
- Images should include:
 - Spore image (with scale bar)
- Additional information:
 - Genetic information (primers/probe sequence, PCR conditions)
 - Verbal description



Process



Our Inputs

Collect quality images,
with extraneous data



Grow Database

Integrate these images
into the ISTA Reference
Pest List



Our Outputs

Analysts can compare
what they see, to what
others see, and find
what works best for
them



Our Value

Global harmonization of
testing, minimizing
differences across labs



Contents – Seed Health database

- Why an image database?
- Introduction to the website:
 - Search features
 - Sample Image Submission
 - Nematode Image Submission
 - Plant/Seedling Health Image Submission
 - ‘Extraneous’ info collected
- Milestones to meet
 - ISTA Chapter 7
 - ISTA Reference Pest List

Why an Image Database?



■ Training challenges



Artificially inoculated seed



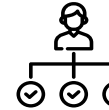
Seed storage



Poor published images



Reference isolates



Multi infections



Climate change



International trade



Disease pressure – monoculture, irrigation, rotation, new crops

Website Introduction

- www.seedhealthtestimagedb.info
- Home: Search
- Submit
 - Sample Images
 - Isolate or Nematode Images
 - Seedling/Plant Images

You should find one of these in your welcome bag

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Home: Search

Seed Health Test Image Database

Search About Submit an image Knowledge base Links Contact

Search the database

Search

Crop:

Search by genus:

Pathogen:

Search by media:

Search by synonyms:

Search by common name / disease name:

Results 1 - 11 of 11 Per page

IMAGE	SPECIES	CROP	GENUS	PATHOGEN	EPPO	DISEASE NAME	AGAR
	Hordeum vulgare	Barley	Ustilago	Ustilago nuda	USTINH	True loose smut	
	Glycine max	Soy bean	Phomopsis	Phomopsis longicolla	PHOPLO	Pod and stem blight	ADPA
	Triticum spp.	Wheat	Parastagonospora	Parastagonospora nodorum	LEPTNO	Septoria spot blotch or Glume blotch	PDA agar
	Beta vulgaris subsp. vulgaris	Beet	Neocamarosporium	Neocamarosporium betae	PLEOBJ	Phoma beet spot	PDA + streptomycin
	Brassica spp.	Canola	Leptosphaeria	Leptosphaeria maculans	LEPTMA	Blackleg	Malt agar
	Brassica spp.	Canola	Leptosphaeria	Leptosphaeria	LEPTMA	Blackleg	Blotter paper

User Type 1: Knows (or thinks they know) exactly what they have and just wants to spend an extremely short amount of time to find comparable images

User Type 2: Has limited knowledge of what they have (may only know Crop, or Genus, etc.). Able to layer drop downs to reduce image results

User Type 3: Has no idea what is going on, wants to see every image ever uploaded. Doesn't want to miss a thing

Submission

Submit your images to our database

What kind of imagery are you going to submit?



Sample Images

Pathogen and/or Saprophyte growth information known. Please upload images of top (minimum submission) and bottom, including microscopy images if possible.



Isolate or Nematode Images

Taken from a microscope. Limited information known on growth conditions and/or crop.



Infected plant material

Pictures of plant infected parts taken with your camera



Not sure how to proceed?

Find tips and answers in our [Knowledge Base](#) and our [FAQ section](#).



Submission

About your sample

Pathogen

Please select a pathogen from the dropdown list, or you may select "other" which will lead you to a form that you may use for your pathogen(s) of interest.

Onset

Please select a date that is the onset date, or you may select "other" which will lead you to a form that you may use for your onset.

Description

Please add a custom description or more detail of the sample for interest. We suggest an overview of the sample's pathogen source, incubation method, and morphology.

Country of origin

Please list origin of your sample. The country of origin may reflect the substrate of the sample and is not necessarily the country of origin. Additional information given below.

Submit your sample images

Upload 3D or 4D images. Please include a 2D or 3D image with 3D perspective. You can add further images with other perspectives by clicking the + button. Default image zoom is 100%. Images with redaction symbols are allowed. Images are automatically cropped for best fit on display.

Image File

No file chosen

Maximum upload size: 50MB MB

Perspective

About the environment

The environment can have an impact on the morphology of the target organism (e.g. size, shape and color). This information is not mandatory, but the more information you can provide, the more likely this submission will be to the community.

Pressure

Please indicate what if any external or ambient factors you used to maintain the culture (e.g. low or high pressure, low or high oxygen, etc.) and indicate the percentage of oxygen (21% is the standard) or other gas if a different amount percentage.

Incubation Time

Please indicate the length of time the sample was incubated, and the incubation date (YYYY-MM-DD), or list of dates if a range of dates.

Growth Time (Days)

Please indicate the length of time the colony has been growing if the incubation medium contains organisms at a range of 1 day to 1 year.

Temperature

Please indicate the temperature or temperature range of the incubation system, but note temperature could be 21°C, 37°C, 55°C, etc., but not 100°C, but please include the temperature in Celsius.

LIGHTING

Please describe the lighting of the incubation chamber. Ambient light may be present, or the lighting may be low, or specific wavelengths.

Media

Please include media components that the colony is grown in. Commonly used agar for fungal growth would be Sabouraud or TSA. If it is a solid variety of growth medium, please specify whether you are using a slant or a high-tech medium. The most basic low-tech high-throughput form is the media of minimal requirements, if known.

Media Detail

Please indicate if you are using a media supplement, and if so, please specify the supplement. If you are using a media supplement, please specify the supplement name, the concentration, and the amount added. If you are using a media supplement, please specify the supplement name, the concentration, and the amount added. If you are using a media supplement, please specify the supplement name, the concentration, and the amount added.

Media Use

If you are using a media supplement, please specify the supplement name, the concentration, and the amount added. If you are using a media supplement, please specify the supplement name, the concentration, and the amount added.

DNA Testing

Has additional testing of any kind been performed? Please specify the testing method, the testing facility, and the testing results. If you are using a media supplement, please specify the supplement name, the concentration, and the amount added.

About you

Character

Please describe the origin and submission history of the sample. We suggest including the date of acquisition, the date of the sample, and the company or organization that provided the sample.

Your Company

Please provide your company name. This is not mandatory, but if possible, it will be added to the submission.

Owner Email

Please provide an email address for the sample. This email address will be used for any questions or information regarding the sample.

Item saved successfully
Our team was notified about your data.

Submission

Thank you for your submission

We appreciate your effort and will review the submitted data in our next review cycle. The next steps will be:



Verification

Our team of experts will review your submission according to our quality guidelines.



Revision

If an error is noticed or further information is required, you will receive an email request with a link to edit your submission.



Approval

If the team find no errors with your submission or you have provided the missing data, you will receive an email notifying you when your submission is published.



Questions

If you have questions regarding your submission and the review process, please feel free to [contact us](#) or read through the [FAQ section](#) in our knowledge base.

Submission Email – to Approvers/Reviewers

New submission - your approval is needed on Seed Health Test Image Database by ISTA



Seed Health Test Image DB (DEV)

To: Nicole Calliou

← Reply ← Reply all → Forward 🗄️ ⋮

Wed 6/12/2024 9:32 AM

Dear Nicole Calliou, there is a new submission on Seed Health Test Image Database by ISTA. After loggin in, you can review it via the following link:

<https://seedhealthtestimagedb.info/review?id=3>

← Reply

→ Forward

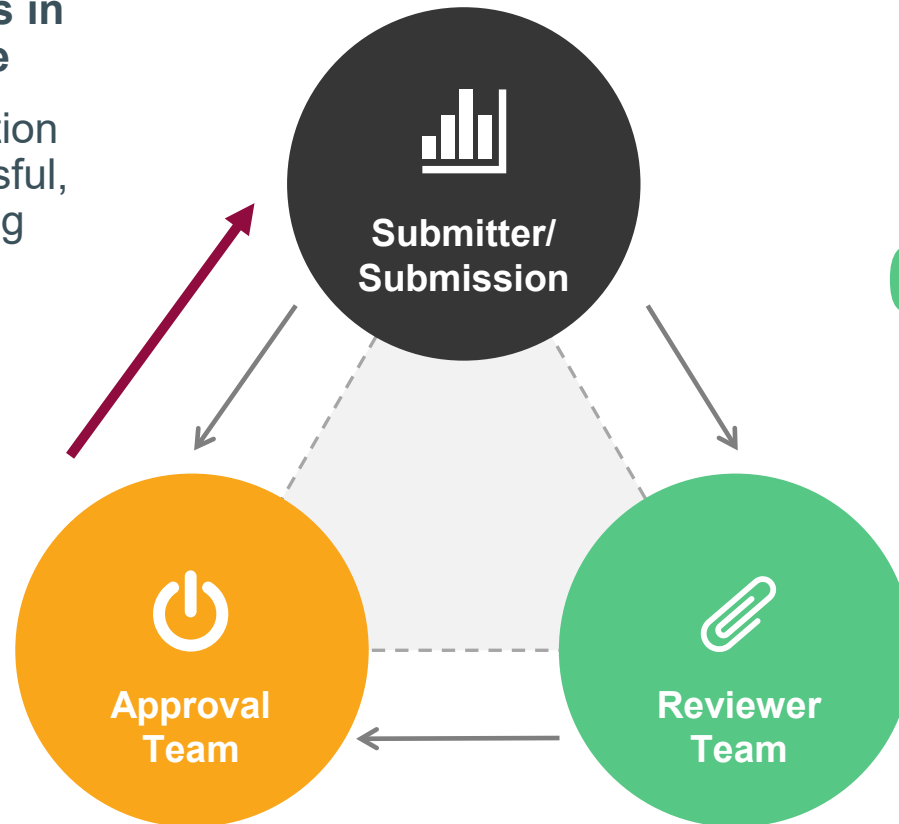
Work Flow

01 A Submitter uploads images in a submission to the website

Submitter will receive notification if the submission was successful, as well as instructions notifying them their submission will be reviewed.

03 Approval Team

Submission is accepted and published on website, or notification is sent to submitter asking for editing. Admins are able to make edits directly in backend of website, if necessary.



02 Reviewer Team AND Approval Team receive email notification

2 weeks are allowed before a decision must be made to reject or accept submission.

Ideally, each submission has 3 different people approve it, prior to publishing

The Review Team



Dorota Szopinska

Seed pathology specialist,
Poznań University of Life
Sciences and ISTA Seed
Health Committee Member



Shaista Karim, Ph.D.

QC Seed Pathology Tech
Lead at Bayer Crop
Sciences



Rosa Piña

Pinto Piga Seeds S.A. and
ISTA Seed Health
Committee Member



Xiulan Xu

Associate Researcher, Beijing
Vegetable Research Center
and ISTA Seed Health
Committee Member



Luciana Ferrand

Plant Pathologist at INASE
and ISTA Seed Health
Committee Member



Laixin Luo, Ph.D.

Professor of Plant Pathology
Dept in China Agricultural
University (CAU). Vice Director
of Seed Health Center, CAU



**Dipl.-Ing. Angela
Thueringer**

Seed Health Analyst at
AGES, Vienna



Annu Albert, M.Sc.

Disease Diagnostics at SGS



Ernestine Lippert



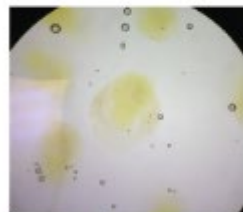
Miriam Lechner

Submission Editing

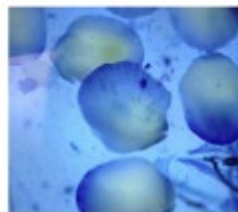
An email was just sent to your inbox with a temporary editlink. Please edit your submission in the next 30 minutes because the link will expire after that. ✕

Submission Review Ustilago nuda (USTINH)

Images



Perspective: top
Magnification: x25



Perspective: top
Magnification: x25

About the Sample

Pathogen	Ustilago nuda (USTINH)
Crop	Barley (Hordeum vulgare)
Description	Barley embryos isolated according to ISTA 7-013. 1) Infected, unstained embryo showing golden brown hyphae in scutellum 2) Infected embryo with Methyl Blue stain
Country of origin	Canada

About the owner

Ownership	Nicole Calliou, SGS
Owner Email	Nicole.Calliou@sgs.com

Manage your submission

ID: 2

Created: Monday, 10 June 2024
19:25

Reviewer: Annu Albert

Comment by the review team

Review decision
rejected (to improve)

Reviewer Comment
Although it would look similar to the methyl blue image, another image with trypan blue staining would be good since that is a common method used in many labs. AA

What to do next?

[Request editing](#)

What does that mean? +

Not sure how to proceed? +

Edit Link

[EXTERNAL] Edit your submission on Seed Health Test Image DB (DEV)



Seed Health Test Image DB (DEV) <contact@seedhealthtestimagedb.info>

To Calliou, Nicole (Sherwood Park)

This sender contact@seedhealthtestimagedb.info is from outside your organization.

Reply Reply All Forward

Thu 6/13/2024 12:31 PM

*** WARNING: this message is from an EXTERNAL SENDER. Please be cautious, particularly with links and attachments. ***

Someone has requested a link on Seed Health Test Image DB (DEV) to edit a submission. If this was you, you can edit your submission with the followint link: <https://seedhealthtestimagedb.info/edit-submission?id=2&et=6c61a2af1e5385addebfc4bc32cd49f> If this was not you, please ignore this email.



ISTA
100 YEARS

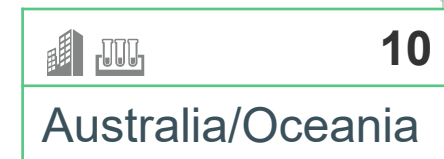
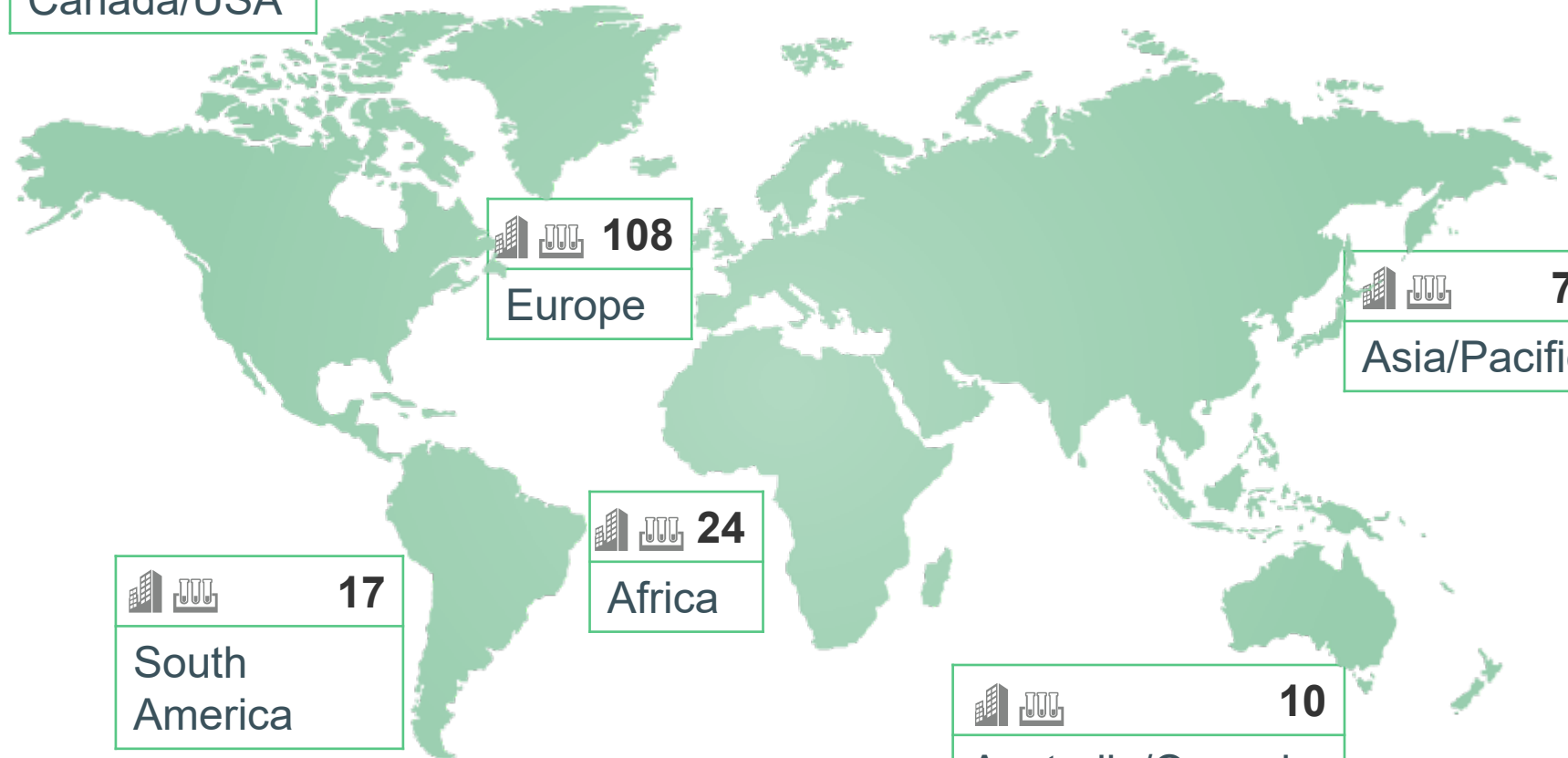
A CENTURY OF PROGRESS IN SEED QUALITY ASSURANCE



83

COUNTRIES

- 68** Designated Authorities
- 37** Personal Members
- 59** Associate Members
- 247** Laboratory Members



Milestones – Solicit Image Submissions

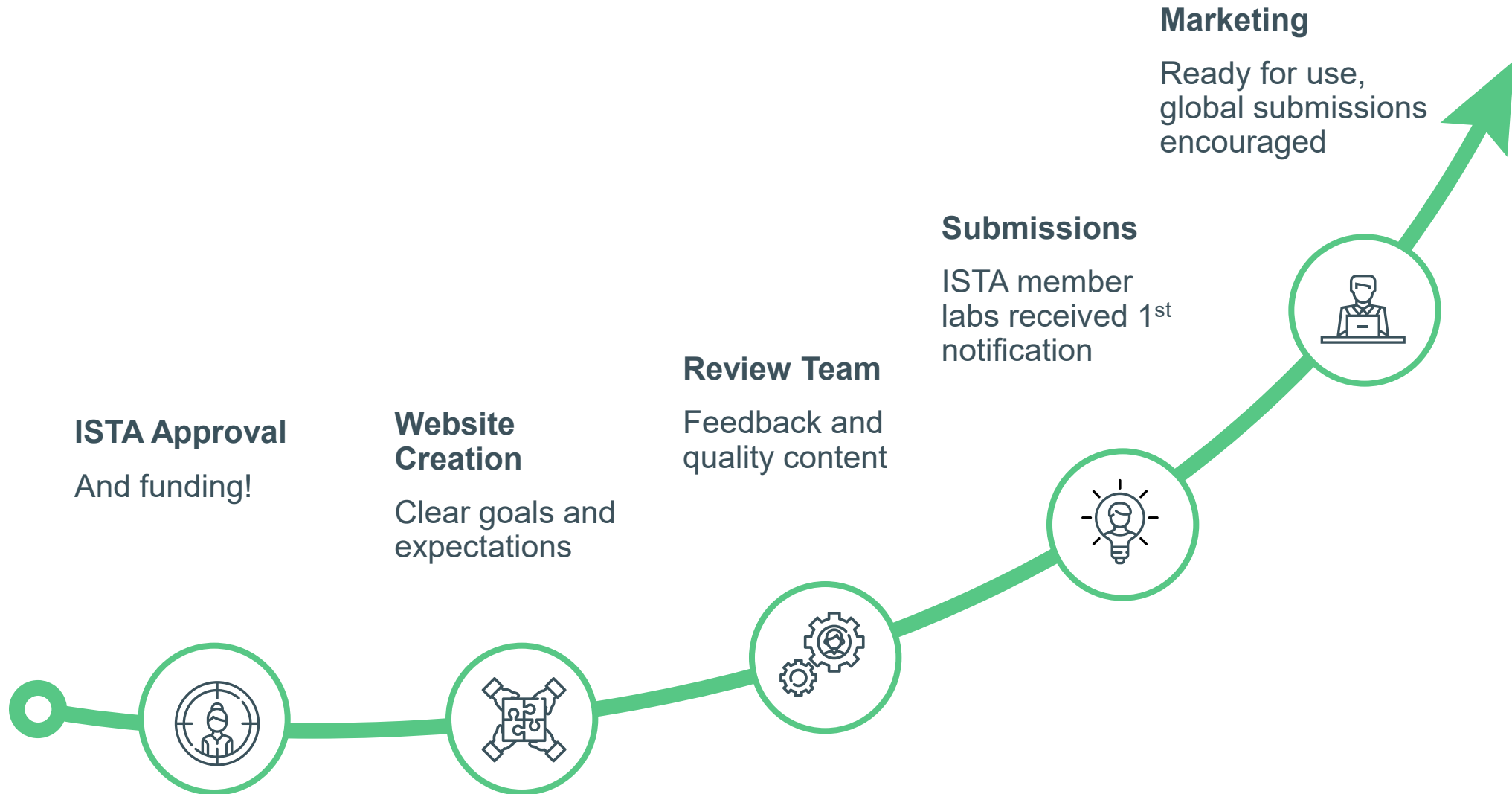


- ISTA Chapter 7 Pathogens
- ISTA Member labs have been requested to assist

- ISTA Reference Pest List
- Researchers from around the world are able to submit images to achieve this goal

- Pathogens of significance (Location dependent)
- Saprophytes (as per request at 2022)

Path to Success



Questions?

