

Establishing Evaluation Criteria for Secondary Roots for *Zea mays*

ISTA Germination Committee

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Concern Brought to the Committee



A concern was brought to the committee by Marija Milivojevic, Republic of Serbia & Aidin Hamidi, Iran regarding the ambiguity of the current rule for secondary root evaluations.







Current Rule: Type D- Group A-1-2-3-2

root system	
the primary root	is defective if it • is stunted or stubby • is retarded or missing • is broken or split from the tip • shows negative geotropism • is constricted • is spindly • is glassy
	 is decayed as a result of primary infection
Seedlings with a defective primary root a	re classed as normal, if sufficient normal secondary roots have developed

This rule is consistent with AOSA's current rule

The Question Of The Day: What is "sufficient"?







The maize plant has a complex root system that develops after the 7day evaluation of a germination test



Hochholdinger, F. (2009). The Maize Root System: Morphology, Anatomy, and Genetics. In: Bennetzen, J.L., Hake, S.C. (eds) Handbook of Maize: Its Biology. Springer, New York, NY. https://doi.org/10.1007/978-0-387-79418-1_8







Is the current criteria causing a problem?

Does this lack of clarity in evaluation criteria a cause for increased variation?

We contacted the proficiency committee.....

The conclusion from the Proficiency Chair, Didier Demilly

"My conclusion is that there was not higher variability for *mays* compared to other species. And the variability for *mays* is lower compared to other agricultural species with large seeds."





When criteria is based on structure size

Andrea Jonitz (Germany) conducted an experiment to understand the size of the seedling structures based on placement in a towel







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Due to this difference between structure sizes and the placement in the towel, it would not be recommended to use structure length as a basis of evaluation.

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2024 Root Survey Results

Thank you to those that participated!



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Over 50% of the respondents have established criteria or have criteria that still contains some ambiguity

















Proof of Concept Experiment

Selecting seedlings lacking primary root and growing them out to understand root growth patterns post seedling stage

This would also help to establish a grow out method that could be executed by different labs in different regions.









At what stage can the plant be assessed as satisfactory in the field?

Can this be accomplished in chamber/greenhouse?



Figure 1. Corn growth stages from emergence to maturity.



www.agry.purdue.edu/ext/corn/news/timeless/roots.html







POC Experiment





Seedlings were selected from 7-day germination samples that had varying root growth patterns

Samples were transferred to organic media and grown in a germination cart with light

Seedlings were assessed on day 11 post transfer for root growth









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Next Steps....

Decision to proceed with experiments to identify the specific evaluation criteria

Or

Decide the that identifying the specific criteria is too complex or potential impacts too large and leave the current rule as is...

There is some evidence in the experiment to suggest an examination of leaf less than half of the length of the coleoptile rule













Thank you !





67 participants took survey









Is in-lab established criteria the same for all types of Zea mays?





